

## Department of Planning and Development

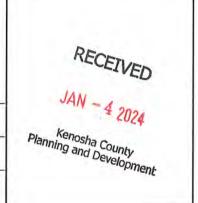
# VARIANCE APPLICATION

Owner: Francesco M. & Natalie C. Rovella

Mailing Address: 16700 7th Street

Union Grove WI 53182

Phone Number(s): <u>262-818-1618</u>



To the Kenosha County Board of Adjustment:

Please take notice that the undersigned was refused a Zoning Permit by the Kenosha County Department of Planning and Development for lands described below for the reason that the application failed to comply with the Kenosha County General Zoning and Shoreland/Floodplain Zoning Ordinance. The owner or assigned agent herewith appeals said refusal and seeks a variance.

Parcel Number: 45-4-221-033-0200	Zoning District	t: <u>A-1</u>
Property Address: 16700 7th St	Shoreland: No	0
Subdivision: _	Lot(s):	Block:
Current Use: 1948-built single-family res	sidence w/ multipl	le outbuildings
Proposal: To construct a residential ac	ddition onto the ex	kisting
single-family residence.	THE ST II	

	REQUIRED BY ORDINANCE	VARIANCE REQUESTED
Section: V. B. 12.28	the yard requirements of this ordinance, but which met yard requirements of the applicable zoning ordinance at the time of construction, may be structurally enlarged or expanded if the existing structure is located at a minimum of at least fifty (50) percent of the minimum setback requirement of all yard setback requirements and further	Required structural setback from CTH right-of-way is 65 feet. Existing non-conforming structure (residence) is 63.12 feet from right-of-way. Petitioner is proposing an addition to structure that will make new highway
Section:	provided that the alteration does not create a greater degree of encroachment on yard, height, parking, loading, or access requirements.	setback <u>57</u> feet.

An Area Variance is authorization by the Kenosha County Board of Adjustments to vary one or more of the dimensional or physical requirements of the applicable zoning law, code or ordinance in connection with some proposed construction.

The burden will be on you as property owner to provide information upon which the board may base its decision. At the hearing, any party may appear in person or may be represented by an agent or attorney. You or your agent must convince the zoning board to make a ruling in your favor. The board must make its decision based only on the evidence submitted to it at the time of the hearing. Unless you or your agent is present, the board may not have sufficient evidence to rule in your favor and must then deny your application.

- (1) Describe alternatives to your proposal such as other locations, designs and construction techniques. Attach a site map showing alternatives you considered in each category below:
  - (A) Alternatives you considered that comply with existing standards. If you find such an alternative, you can move forward with this option with a regular permit. If you reject compliant alternatives, provide the reasons you rejected them.

WE ARE RESECTING ACTERNATIVES THAT COULD COMPLY WICKISTING STANDARDS, DUE TO THE EXISTING HOME SEING NOW COMPLIANT SINCE CURRENT CODES HAVE BEEN POT IN PLACE. HOME IS BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN BUILT IN 1948 AND HAS NOT CAUSED ANY ISSUES OR HARM TO THE COMMUNITY OR PLANNING IN THE AREA.

(B) Alternatives you considered that require a lesser variance. If you reject such alternatives, provide the reasons you rejected them.

WE RESECT ANY LESSER VARIANCE, BECAUSE THE VAST-MAJORITY OF PROPOSED PROJECT IS BEYOND THE ORDINANCE SET BACK AND DESIRE TO KEEP THE FRONT ENTRY/ENT ON THE FRONT OF HOME.

(2) Will there be an unnecessary hardship to the property owner to strictly comply with the ordinance?

Unnecessary hardship exists when compliance would unreasonably prevent the owner from using the property for a permitted purpose (leaving the property owner without any use that is permitted for the property) or would render conformity with such restrictions unnecessarily burdensome.

An applicant may not claim unnecessary hardship because of conditions which are self-imposed or created by a prior owner (for example, excavating a pond on a vacant lot and then arguing that there is no suitable location for a home <u>or</u> claiming that they need more outbuilding space than that permitted to store personal belongings). Courts have also determined that economic or financial hardship does not justify a variance. When determining whether unnecessary hardship exists, the property as a whole is considered rather than a portion of the parcel. The property owner bears the burden of proving unnecessary hardship.

#### **VARIANCE APPLICATION**

WE BELIEVE IT UNREASONABLE S KICTLY BE AC. Would REQUIRE BECAUSE IT WOULD COMPCY WITH THE ORDINANCE EXISTING HOME AND FOUNDATION THE MOVEMENT PROPERTY LINE. SWE OT NORTH

(3) Do unique physical characteristics of your property prevent compliance with the ordinance? If yes, please explain.

Unique physical limitations of the property such as steep slopes or wetlands that are not generally shared by other properties must prevent compliance with the ordinance requirements. The circumstances of an applicant (growing family, need for a larger garage, etc.) are not a factor in deciding variances. Nearby ordinance violations, prior variances or lack of objections from neighbors do not provide a basis for granting a variance.

THERE ARE NO UNIQUE PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THIS
PROPERTY OTHER THAN THE EXISTING HOME IS CURRENTLY
NOT IN CONPURNCE.

(4) What would be the effect on this property, the community or neighborhood and the public interest if the variance was granted? How can these impacts be mitigated.

These interests are listed as objectives in the purpose statement of an ordinance and may include: drainage, visual impact, and fire safety and building code requirements.

THE EFFECT TO THE COMMUNITY, NEIGHBORHOOD, AND CENERAL PUBLIC INTEREST WOULD ONLY BE TO CONTINUE AND ENVANCE TYPICHE ARCHITECTURE OF AREN HOMES WITH COURSED FROM PORCHES AND FLEASING ASSTURETICS.
THE UARIANGE REQUESTED WOULD STILL MAINTAIN 87% OF THE

### MINIMUM SETBACK.

The undersigned hereby attests that the above stated information is true and accurate and further gives permission to Planning & Development staff and Board of Adjustment members to view the premises, in relation to the Appeal request made herein, during reasonable daylight hours.

Owners Signature:	u	
Agent: N/A	Signature: _	N/A.
Agents Address: (OUNGA) 3535 1391		
Phone Number(s): <u>262 · 8/8 · /6/8</u>		

19600 75<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 185-3 Bristol, WI 53104-9772

> Phone: (262) 857-1895 Fax: (262) 857-1920

#### **ZONING PERMIT APPLICATION**

\* If you would rather apply for your zoning permit online, pay fees online and obtain issued permit documentation online without having to travel to and from this office to submit hardcopy documentation and physical payment, you can do so by visiting the Planning & Development Online Portal at the web address shown below, clicking on "Setup an Account" and creating a new public user account. Once your account is created you can login in under said credentials and apply for your zoning permit. If you submit via the portal, you do not need to complete/submit this application.

#### https://permitting.kenoshacounty.org/eTrakit/.

1.	What is the Property Address (must include house number) or Tax Key Parcel Number?
	45-4-221-033-0200

Who <u>owns</u> the subject property (property owner)?	
Property Owner Name: Francesco M. & Natalie C. Rovella	
Property Owner Mailing Address: Union Grove WI 53182	
Property Owner Phone Number: 262.818.7618	
Property Owner Email Address: frankie rovella @ GMAIL.	Con

3. Who is applying for and will be signing for this permit (applicant)?

Applicant Name: FRAN	( <b>৬</b> 500	ROVEIN	7		
Applicant Mailing Address:	3535	139L	KENOSUA	WI	53141
Applicant Phone Number:	262.8	18.1618			
Applicant Email Address:	frank	ie rove	llae BMAIC	COM	

4. Who is constructing the proposed structures (contractor)?

Contractor Name: Fra	1cesco	Rover	r)	
Contractor Mailing Address:	3 <i>535</i>	13 Pl	K. W	£2144
Contractor Phone Number:	2621	<18.1618	•	
Contractor Email Address:	Frankie	crovelle	a @ GMA	HC. COM

5. What is it you are proposing to construct? You can apply for up to four separate structures on this permit application.

STRUCTURE DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION	SIZE (FENCE) (L' @ H')	SIZE (BLDG.) (L' x W')	AREA (sq. feet)	HEIGHT (feet)	# OF STORIES
Residential Building Addition						
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						

6. If you are proposing to construct a principal building such as a new residence or new commercial/industrial building, an addition thereto, or a detached accessory building greater than 150 sq. ft. in area, it is required that a <u>professional surveyor</u> be hired to complete a foundation survey of the property after the foundation is installed for the permitted building and submit said survey document to this office in order to prove that the proposed building has been constructed in the correct location and meets setback requirements.

This section is not applicable for sheds equal to or less than 150 sq. ft. in area or other accessory structures such as decks, fences and pools.

I anticipate that a foundation survey will be submitted to this office no later than \_\_\_\_\_ (insert date

We understand this deadline needs to be flexible due to reasons such as weather, construction delays, etc., however a due date later than 18 months from the date of permit issuance will not be accepted. If a foundation survey is not received by the anticipated due date, the property owner will receive an automated letter notifying them of past due status. If a mutually agreed revised due date is not set, and a foundation survey is not submitted, violation and enforcement will proceed.

7. Does your project involve the placement of any fill material on the subject property such as dirt, gravel, landscape timbers, rock, shoreline protection material, etc...?

If so, what type of material and how much?

N/A.

- 8. If your property is served by a private onsite wastewater treatment system (POWTS) note that pursuant to Comm 83.25(2)(c), Wisconsin Administrative Code a County shall not issue a zoning permit for the addition to a structure that will modify the design wastewater flow or contaminant load or both to an existing (POWTS) unless the owner of the property:
  - Possess a sanitary permit to either modify the existing POWTS or construct a POWTS to accommodate the modification in wastewater flow or contaminant load or both; or
  - 2. Provides documentation to verify that the existing POWTS is sufficient to accommodate the modification in wastewater flow or contaminant load or both.
  - For the purpose of this ordinance, a modification in wastewater flow or contaminant load or both shall be defined as:
    - a. Commercial Facilities, public building and places of employment when there is a proposed change in occupancy of the structure; or the proposed modification affects either type or number of plumbing appliances, fixtures or devices discharging to the system.
    - b. Dwellings that have an increase or decrease in the number of bedrooms and/or additions, interior modifications, renovations or remodeling or any combination thereof that enlarges or impacts a dwelling's building area and/or floor area by 25% or greater. For purposes of this ordinance and this provision only, a modification in wastewater flow or contaminant load or both may result in; a change in roofline, the conversion of storage area to building area or floor area, re-wiring, re-insulating, re-constructing a foundation, enclosing open porches, decks or patios, replacing drywall, plaster or paneling, removal or construction of interior walls. A modification in wastewater flow or contaminant load or both does not result in the construction of open decks, patios or porches, garages, re-roofing, painting, wiring, re-siding, window replacement or the replacement of equipment or appliances.

If you have questions regarding this requirement, please contact the County Sanitarian at this office at 262-857-1910.

A bedroom is defined as a room used to sleep in, containing a closet for storage of clothing and a doorway with a door for privacy.

- If your project requires improvements or alterations (such as the installation of a driveway apron) within a state highway right-ofway, then you must contact the <u>Wisconsin Department of Transpiration</u> (WISDOT) regarding allowances and permitting requirements for said improvements.
- 10. If your project requires improvements or alterations (such as the installation of a driveway apron) within a county trunk highway right-of-way, then you must contact the <u>Kenosha County Division of Highways</u> regarding allowances and permitting requirements for said improvements.
- 11. If your project requires improvements or alterations (such as the installation of a driveway apron) within a local town/village/city road right-of-way, then you must contact the <u>local municipality</u> regarding allowances and permitting requirements for said improvements.

IF ISSUED, THIS ZONING PERMIT IS ISSUED SUBJECT TO:

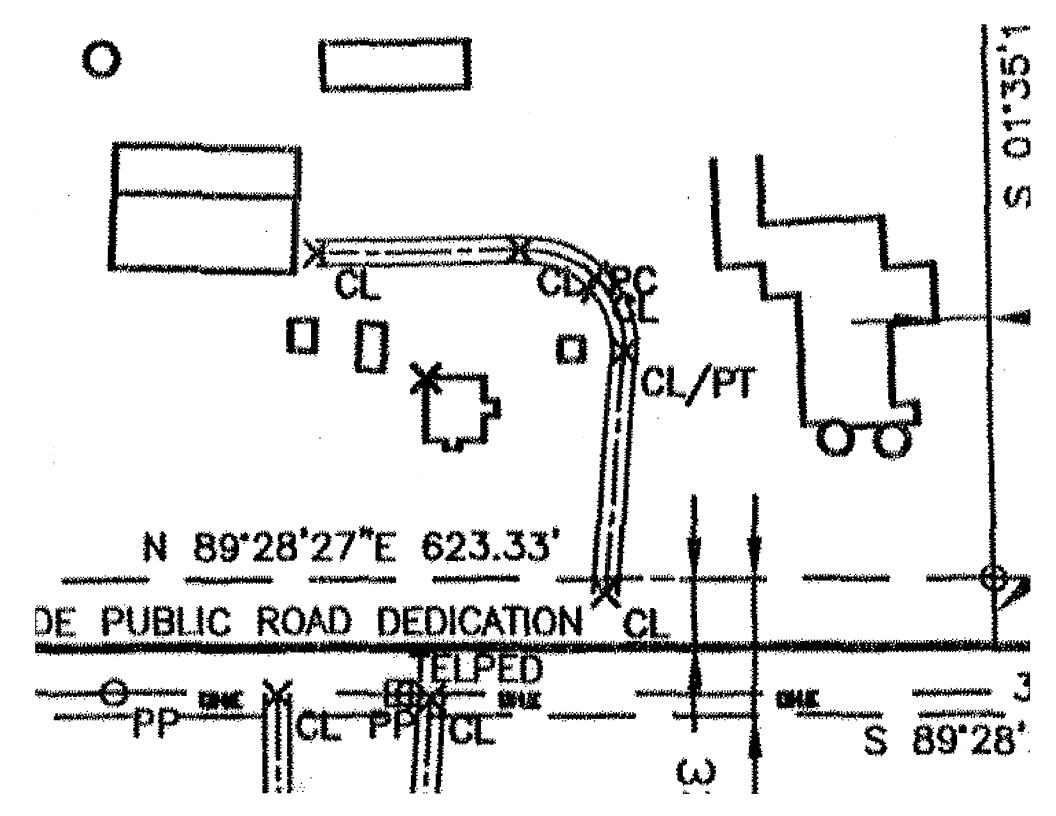
1. ANY FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL RESTRICTIONS AND/OR DEED RESTRICTIONS.

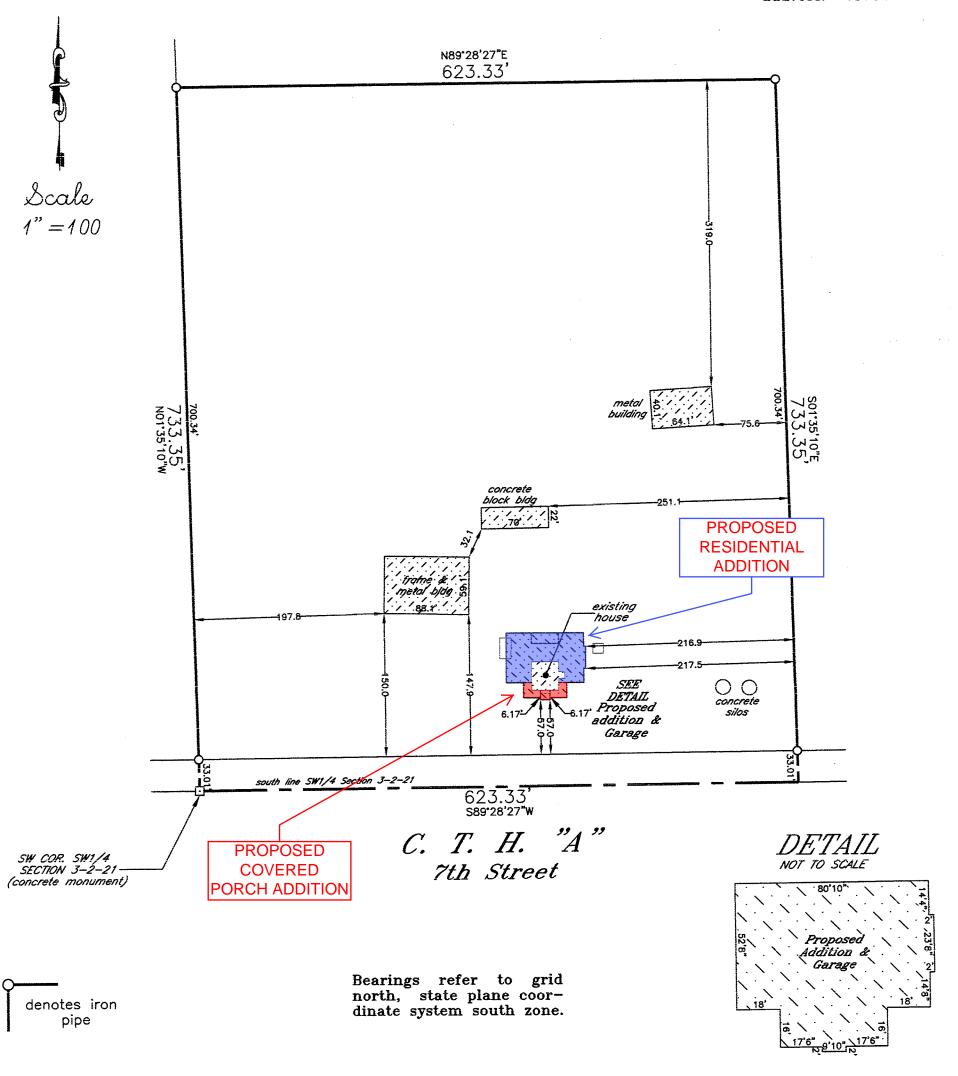
2. EACH APPLICANT FOR A ZONING PERMIT IS CHARGED WITH KNOWLEDGE OF THE MUNICIPAL ZONING ORDINANCE. COPIES OF THE TEXT OF THIS OR PORTIONS THEREOF AND COPIES OF THE OFFICIAL ZONING MAPS ARE AVAILABLE FOR SALE, COPYING OR INSPECTION UPON REQUEST. ANY STATEMENT MADE, SITE PLAN SUBMITTED, ASSURANCE GIVEN OR PERMIT ERRONEOUSLY ISSUED CONTRARY TO THIS ORDINANCE IS NULL AND VOID.

3. THIS PERMIT SHALL EXPIRE EIGHTEEN (18) MONTHS FROM DATE OF ISSUANCE.

4. ANY ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS WRITTEN BY THE ZONING ADMINISTRATOR ISSUING THE ZONING PERMIT.

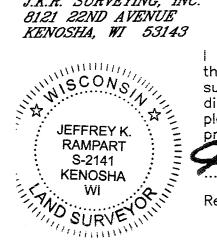
NOTICE: YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLYING WITH STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS CONCERNING CONSTRUCTION NEAR OR ON WETLANDS, LAKES, AND STREAMS. WETLANDS THAT ARE NOT ASSOCIATED WITH OPEN WATER CAN BE DIFFICULT TO IDENTIFY. FAILURE TO COMPLY MAY RESULT IN REMOVAL OR MODIFICATION OF CONSTRUCTION THAT VIOLATES THE LAW OR OTHER PENALTIES OR COSTS. FOR MORE INFORMATION, VISIT THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WETLANDS IDENTIFICATION WEB PAGE http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/wellands/locating.html OR CONTACT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES SERVICE CENTER (262) 884-2300.





Proposed building addition field staked. Contractor to verify all dimensions before Refer to a current title report for easements or restrictions which may affect this site.

J.K.R. SURVEYING, INC. 8121 22ND AVENUE



I hereby certify that this property was surveyed under my direction and this a true replat is

Reg. Land Surveyor January 2, 2024

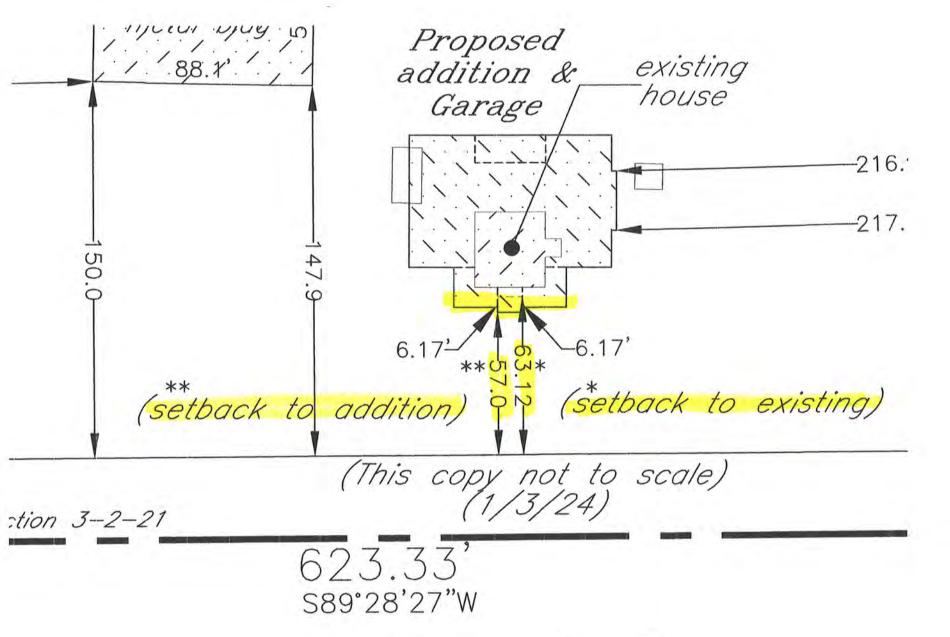
Plat of Survey of PREMISES KNOWN AS TAX KEY NO:

45-4-221-033-0200

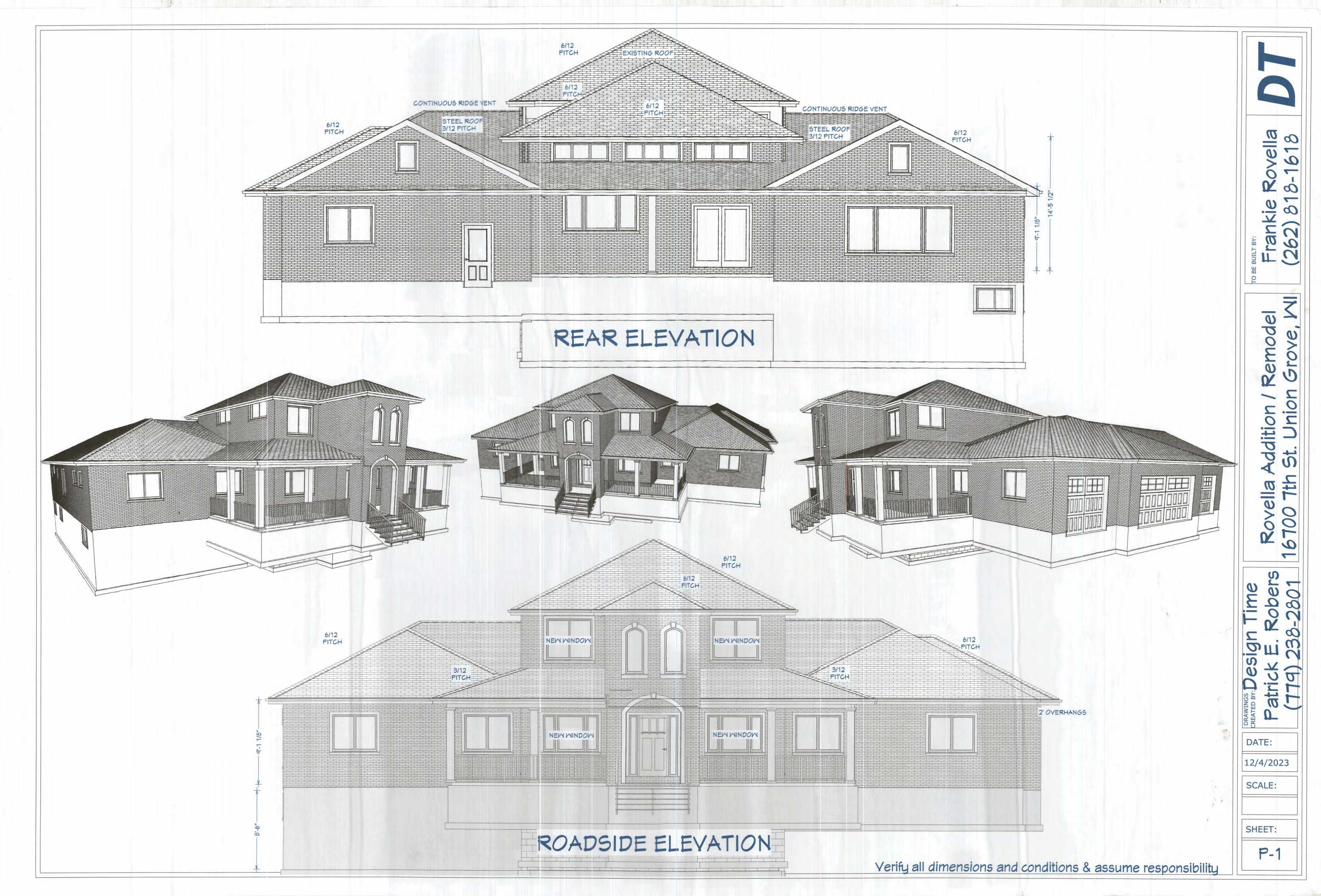
in SW1/4 Section 3-2-21

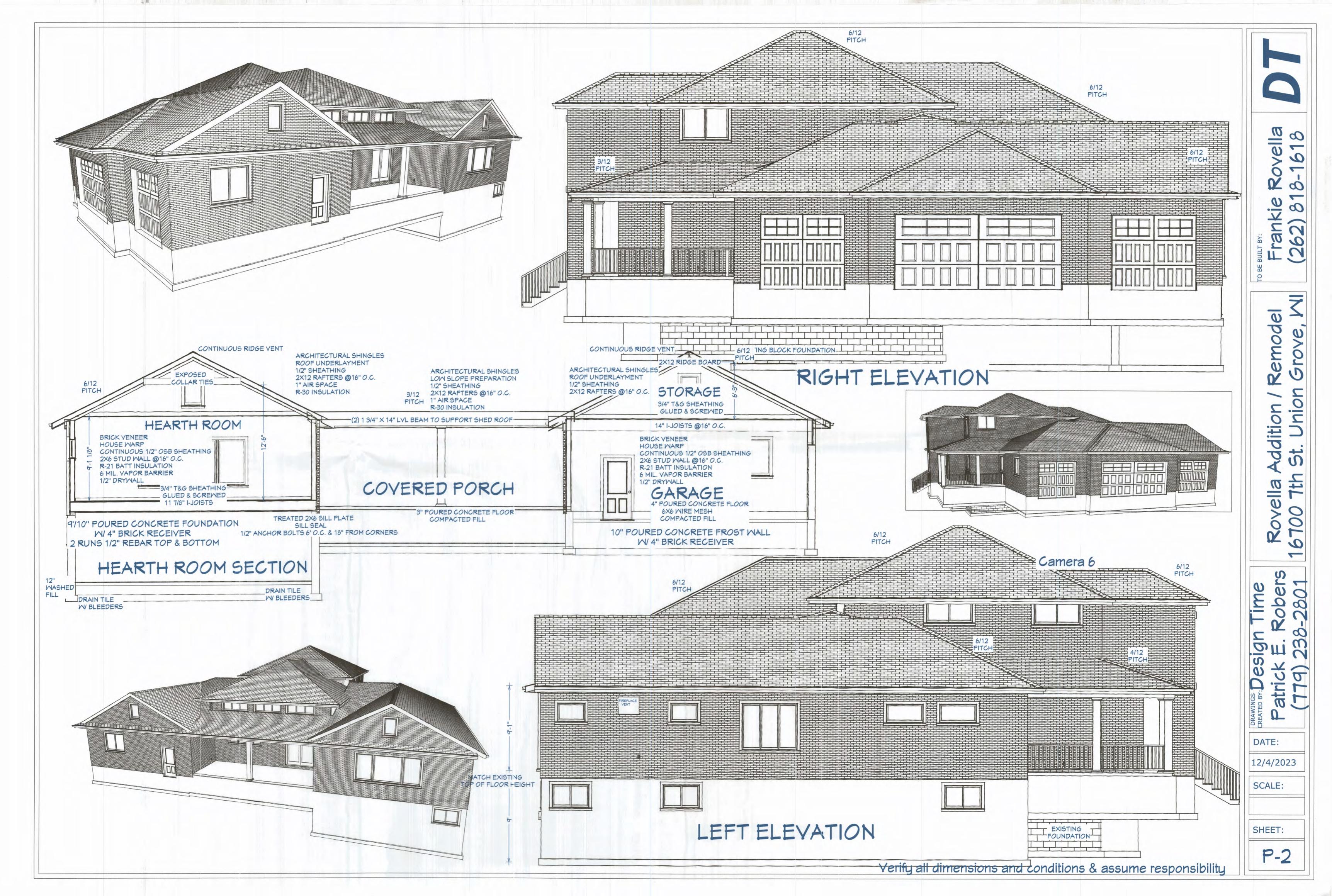
TOWN OF PARIS KENOSHA COUNTY, WIS.

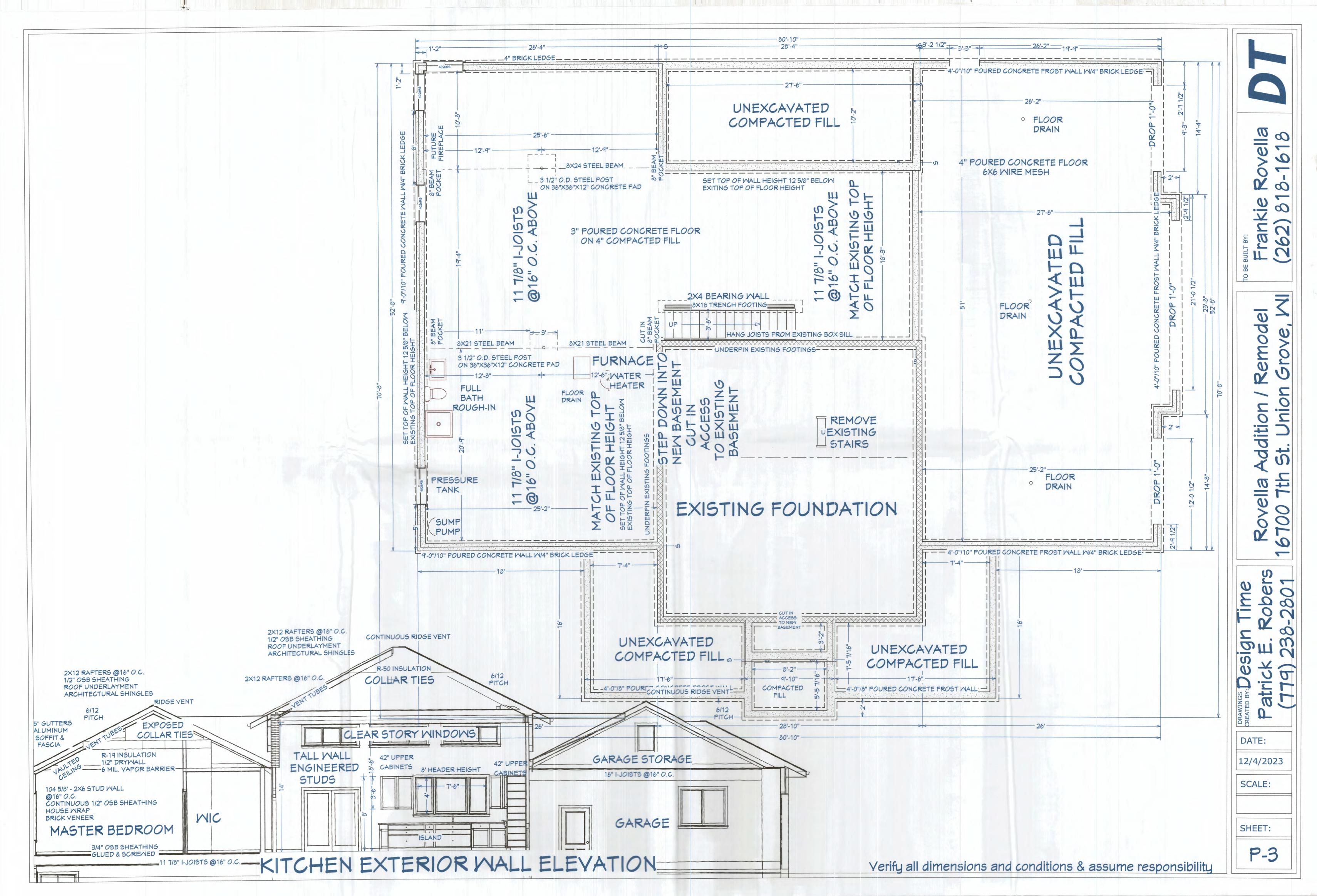
> -for-Frankie Rovella

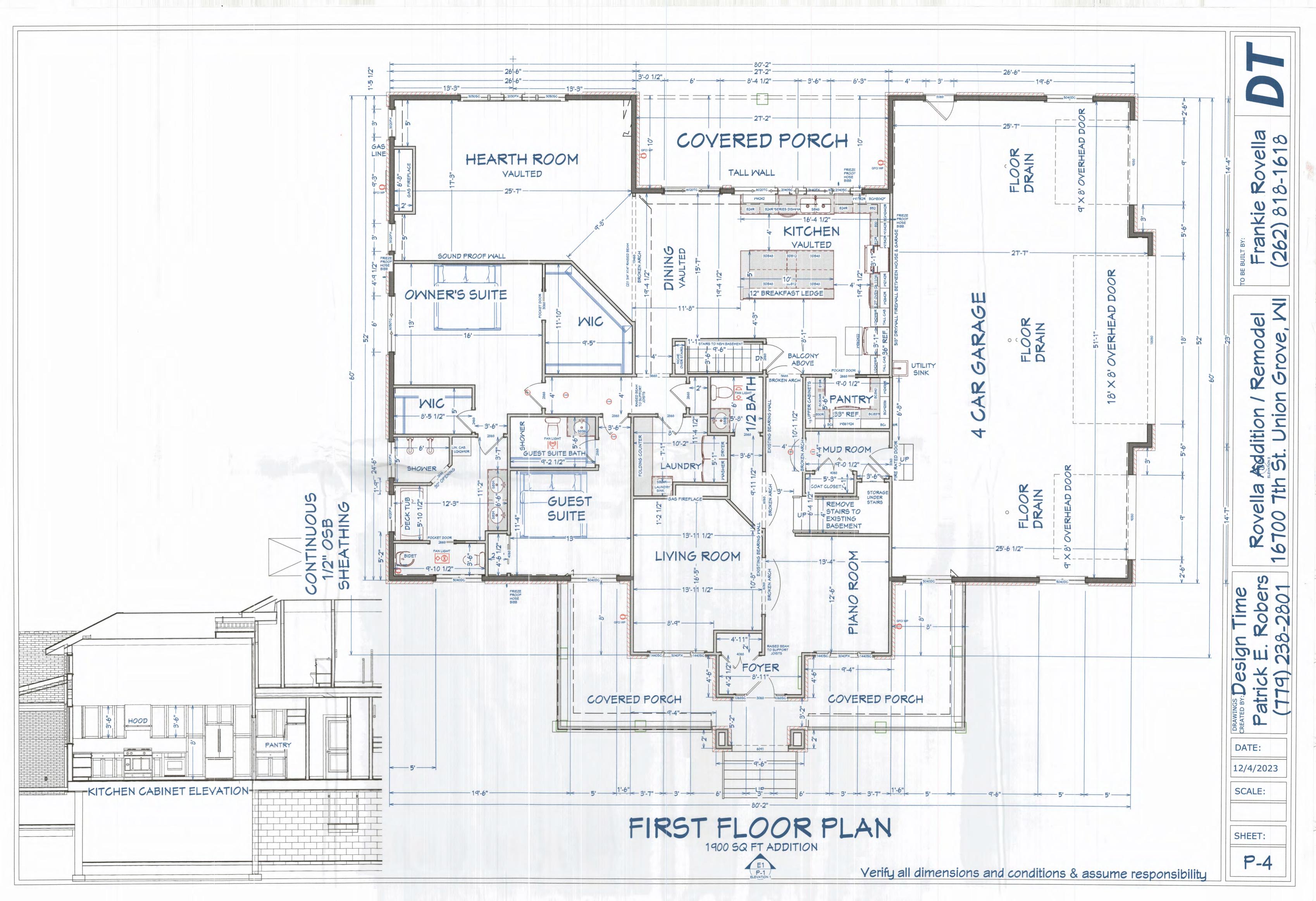


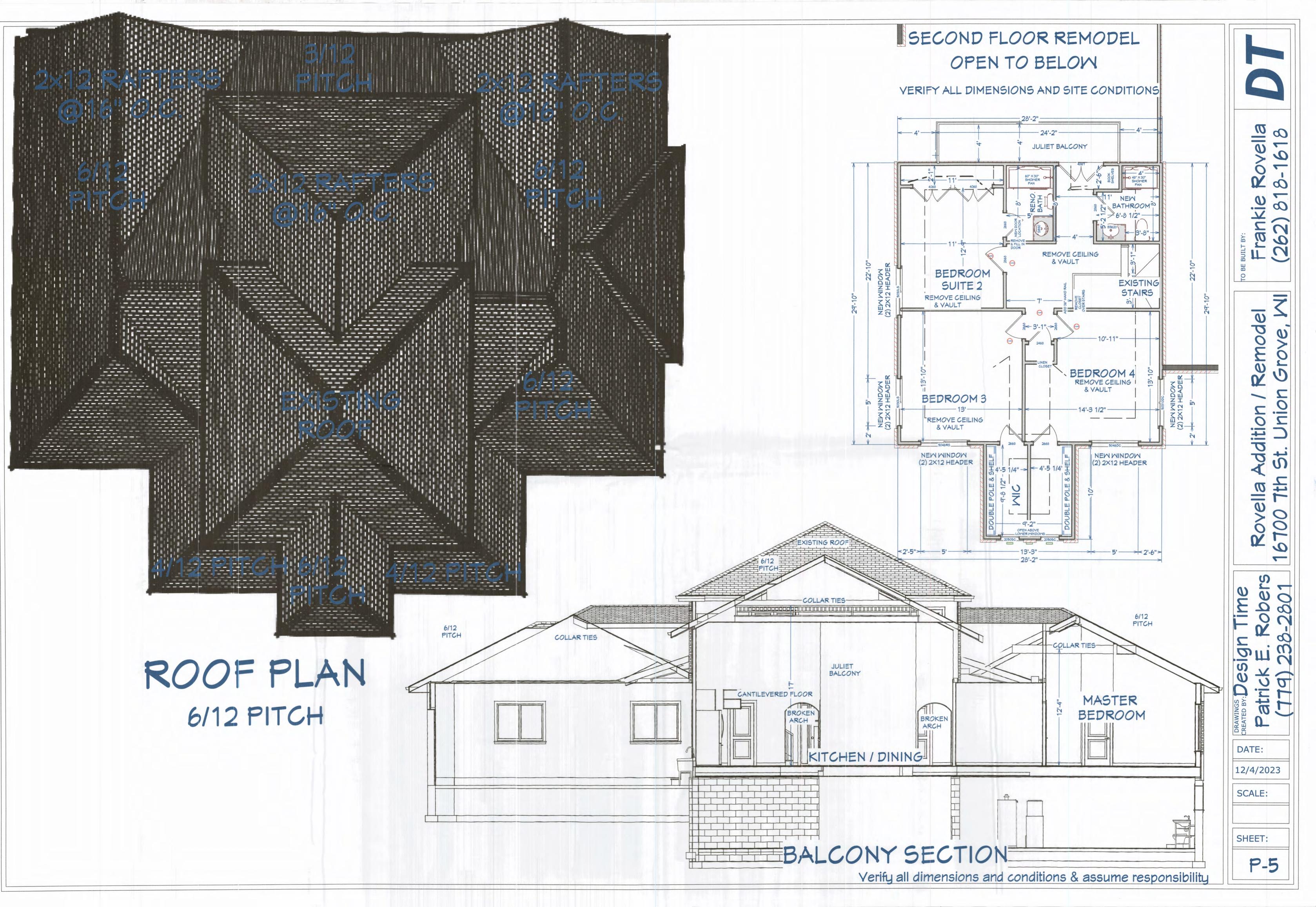
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#### **BOARD OF ADJUSTMENTS SCHEDULE FOR 2024 PUBLIC HEARINGS**

Third Thursday of each month at 6:00 p.m. Kenosha County Center, 19600 75th Street, Bristol, Wisconsin Conference Room A (unless published otherwise)

This schedule includes all areas under general zoning regulations in the following townships: BRIGHTON, PARIS, RANDALL, SOMERS, WHEATLAND

#### **HEARING DATES**

JANUARY 18	Filing Date: Published:	December 18 Jan. 3 & Jan. 10	JULY 18	Filing Date: Published:	June 18 July 3 & July 10
FEBRUARY 15	Filing Date: Published	January 15 Jan. 31 & Feb. 7	AUGUST 15	Filing Date: Published:	July 15 July 31 & Aug. 7
MARCH 21	Filing Date: Published:	February 21 Feb. 28 & March 6	SEPTEMBER 19	Filing Date: Published:	August 19 Sept. 4 & Sept. 11
APRIL 18	Filing Date: Published:	March 18 April 3 & April 10	OCTOBER 17	Filing Date: Published:	September 17 Oct. 2 & Oct. 9
MAY 16	Filing Date: Published:	April 16 May 1 & May 8	NOVEMBER 21	Filing Date: Published:	October 21 Nov. 6 & Nov. 13
JUNE 20	Filing Date: Published:	May 20 June 5 & June 12	DECEMBER 19	Filing Date: Published:	November 19 Dec. 4 & Dec. 11

#### CHAPTER 12, KENOSHA COUNTY GENERAL ZONING AND SHORELAND/FLOODPLAIN ZONING ORDINANCE STATES:

12.06-4 LEGAL NOTICE REQUIREMENTS AND TIME LIMITS: Any petition or other matter requiring the publication of a legal notice must be submitted at least one month prior to the requested hearing date as scheduled by the Planning, Development & Extension Education Committee or Board of Adjustments. For purposes on this section, "one month prior to the requested hearing date" shall be defined to mean not later than 4:30 p.m. on the same calendar date of the month preceding the scheduled hearing, or the last day county offices are open prior to the aforementioned deadline. For purposes of the Open Meetings Law, the Planning and Development Administrator shall be delegated the responsibility of informing the county clerk of both scheduled open and closed meetings so that proper notices may be given.

## VARIANCE PROCEDURES BEFORE THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENTS

□ 1.	Contact the Department of Planning & Development and schedule a pre-application meeting. Bring the following for your pre-application meeting:
	☐ Completed variance application.
	☐ If you are in the process of purchasing the property and have yet to close, you need to provide a signed letter of agent status signed by the current property owner authorizing you to apply for the variance on their behalf.
	☐ A to-scale survey of the property with the following information provided.
	<ul> <li>Size and location of all existing structures on the property and their distances from property lines (any street yard setback should be taken from the edge of the road right of way), environmental features such as an ordinary high water mark (lake or stream) or wetland, and any onsite septic tank and associated septic field (if applicable).</li> <li>Location and dimensions of the proposed structure(s) and their resulting setback distances from property lines (any street yard setback should be taken from the edge of the road right of way), environmental features such as an ordinary high water mark (lake or stream) or wetland, and any onsite septic tank and associated septic field (if applicable).</li> </ul>
	☐ Construction plans
	☐ A filing fee of \$550 (non-refundable) is required at the time of application submittal time to cover the costs agenda preparation, public hearing notification, site visits, etc
<b>4</b> .	Submit the above information by the filing deadline (see Board of Adjustment Schedule handout) with the Department of Planning and Development. Once Planning & Development staff have confirmed the application is substantially completed, Planning & Development will provide you with a date-stamped copy of your variance application.
<b>□</b> 5.	Submit a copy of your date-stamped variance application to your local Township for placement on the agenda of the Town Planning Commission and/or the Town Board.
□ 6.	Your first meeting will be with the Town Planning Commission, except for the Town of Wheatland. The Town of Somers has a Board of Appeals.

**NOTE:** You must attend, or the Commission/Board will not be able to act on your request.

☐ 7. Your second meeting will be with the Town Board.

**NOTE:** You must attend, or the Board will not be able to act on your request.

■ 8. Your third meeting will be with the County Board of Adjustments.

**NOTE:** You must attend, or the Board of Adjustments will not be able to act on your request. At this meeting you will be asked to brief the Board on your request for a variance and state your reasons for hardship (see Public Hearing Variance Standards handout).

**9.** If the Board of Adjustments grants your variance request you may obtain your zoning permit from the Office of Planning and Development. The permit will be issued if all requirements from this office have been addressed, including sanitation and if you are the current owner of the property.

**Expiration**: Variances granted by the Board that require issuance of a zoning permit shall expire within one year of approval unless the zoning permit is issued. Zoning permits issued in accordance with Board of Adjustments approval are valid for 18 months and may not be renewed without Board of Adjustment approval. Variances are approved for specific sizes and dimensions. No additions shall be approved which affect the area for which the variance was granted unless approved by the Board of Adjustments.

No zoning permits issued for work approved by a variance shall be renewed unless "substantial construction" – the value of such work that has commenced equivalent to 25% of the projected cost of the project as noted on the application for the zoning permit, has commenced.

<u>Appeals</u>: Any person or persons jointly or severally, aggrieved by any decision of the Board of Adjustment, or any taxpayer, or any officer, department, board or bureau of the municipality, may present to a court of record a petition, duly verified, setting forth that such decision is illegal, in whole or in part, specifying the ground of illegality. Such petition shall be presented to the court within thirty days after the filing of the decision in the office of the Board.

Any work the property owner commences with the window for appeal is at their own risk.

□ 10. If the Board of Adjustments denies your variance you have thirty (30) days to file an appeal with circuit court if you so choose.

## VARIANCE PROCEDURES & PUBLIC HEARING VARIANCE STANDARDS

#### **IMPORTANT TELEPHONE NUMBERS**

# Kenosha County Center Department of Planning & Development 19600 - 75<sup>th</sup> Street, Post Office Box 520 Bristol, Wisconsin 53104-0520

Division of County Development (including Sanitation & Land Conservation)	857-1895
Facsimile #	857-1020
I destining #	
Public Works Division of Highways	857-1870
Tuble Works Division of Figure 49	
Administration Building	
Division of Land Information.	653-2622
Division of Land Information.	
Brighton, Town of	878-2218
Darie Town of	850-3006
Pandal Town of	877-2165
Raildai, Towii Oi.	050 2022
Somers I own of	009-2022
Wheatland, Town of	537-4340
Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources - Sturtevant Office	884-2300
Wisconsin Department of Transportation - Waukesha Office	548-8722

#### **PUBLIC HEARING VARIANCE STANDARDS**

	YOUR PUBLIC HEARING WILL BE BASED ON THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS FROM THE KENOSHA COUNTY GENERAL ZONING AND SHORELAND/FLOODPLAIN ZONING ORDINANCE.
CH/	APTER 12.36-1 INTENT
	It is the intent of this section of the Ordinance to recognize that under certain conditions

It is the intent of this section of the Ordinance to recognize that under certain conditions and circumstances, it may be necessary to obtain a variance from the terms of this Ordinance so long as said variance will not be contrary to the public interest, and where, owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of the provisions of the Ordinance will result in unnecessary hardship or practical difficulties and where the granting of such variance will uphold the spirit of this Ordinance and contribute to the justice of the particular case in question. Any variance granted under the terms of this ordinance shall, however, relate only to area requirements and not to use. Furthermore, it is the intent of this section to establish a Board of Adjustments for the purpose of reviewing applications for variances as well as reviewing orders and decisions made by the Office of Planning and Development.

#### CHAPTER 12.36-13 STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES

- In determining whether a variance is to be granted, the following standards and guidelines must be met in view of the evidence presented and in making its decision, these standards and guidelines shall be addressed by the board of adjustment:
  - 1. The existence of special conditions or exceptional circumstances on the land in question.
  - 2. The experiencing of unnecessary hardships or practical difficulties on the land in question either presently or in the future.
  - 3. That these hardships or difficulties are the result of the aforementioned special conditions existing on the land and are not self-inflicted.
  - 4. That the existence of these special conditions will restrict the use of the land if the Ordinance is applied literally so as to render the land useless.
  - 5. That the limitation on the use of the land does not apply generally to other properties in the district.
  - 6. That limiting the use of the property does not afford compensating gains to the public health, safety and welfare.
  - 7. That the variance(s) requested are the minimum variance(s) needed to alleviate difficulties or hardships.
  - 8. That the use of the parcel in question presently does conform to the ordinance.

- 9. That granting the variance applied for will not affect the public health, safety, morals and welfare of the community and other properties in the area.
- 10. That with respect to those areas located within the floodland districts, a variance would not permit a change in the boundaries of the FPO Floodplain Overlay District; would not permit a lower degree of flood protection in the floodland districts than the floodplain elevation; would not allow any residential, commercial, institutional, or park basement or crawlway to be located below the 100-year recurrence interval flood elevation; would not allow a change or alteration of an historic structure, including its use, which would result in the structure losing its designation as an historic structure; further, that the variance for the proposed action would not require an amendment to the floodplain zoning ordinance; and furthermore, that the variance would not have the effect of granting or increasing a use property which is prohibited in the floodland districts or any action contrary to the provisions of Chapter NR 116 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code.
- 11. In addition to the criteria in subd. (10) above to qualify for a variance under FEMA regulations, the following criteria must be met:
  - a. The variance shall not cause any increase in the regional flood elevation;
  - b. Variances can only be granted for lots that are less than one-half acre and are contiguous to existing structures constructed below the RFE; and
  - c. Variances shall only be granted upon a showing of good and sufficient cause, shall be the minimum relief necessary, shall not cause increased risks to public safety or nuisances, shall not increase costs for rescue and relief efforts and shall not be contrary to the purpose of the ordinance.

Variances may be granted for example for reasons of topography, environmental protection or where permitted by state statute but in no event may a variance be granted where the primary reason for obtaining a variance is to obtain a more profitable use of the property, personal inconvenience, construction errors, economic reasons, self-created hardships, or where the property is presently a non-conforming use. Furthermore, variances may not be granted for the purpose of altering the sanitary requirements of this ordinance except for existing structures.
The Board of Adjustments in considering the propriety of granting a variance shall not consider the number of persons for or against the granting of a variance but shall base their decision solely upon the equities of the situation involved.
Variances may be granted in the form of an area or distance variance, however, use variances shall be specifically prohibited under this Ordinance.
When a floodplain variance is granted the Board shall notify the applicant in writing that it may increase risks to life and property and flood insurance premiums could increase up to

\$25.00 per \$100.00 of coverage. A copy shall be maintained with the variance record.

A variance within any floodland district shall not:

use of a property.

- 1. Damage the rights or property values of other persons in the area;
- 2. Allow actions without the amendments to this ordinance or map(s) required in 12.60.040 Amendments; and
- 3. Allow any alteration of an historic structure, including its use, which would preclude its continued designation as an historic structure.

#### **Statutory Standards**

The applicant for a variance must clearly show the Board of Adjustments that three statutory standards that govern granting a variance will be met. These three standards require the existence of an unnecessary hardship, the presence of a unique property limitation, and the protection of the public interest.
<ul> <li>Unnecessary Hardship</li> <li>A situation where, in the absence of a variance, an owner can make no feasible use of a property, or strict conformity is unnecessarily burdensome.</li> <li>The hardship or difficulty must be peculiar to the zoning parcel in question and different from that of other parcels, not one which affects all parcels similarly.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Unique Property Limitation</li> <li>Unique physical characteristics of the property must prevent the applicant from developing in compliance with the zoning ordinance.</li> </ul>
Protection of the Public Interest
Granting of a variance must neither harm the public interest nor undermine the purposes of the ordinance. The public interest includes the interests of the public at large, not just that of nearby property owners.
Conditions may be attached to a variance to protect adjoining properties and to preserve the essential character of the neighborhood.

A variance should include only the minimum relief necessary to allow reasonable

### VARIANCE WORKSHEET

YOUR THREE STATUTORY STANDARDS TO PROVE BEFORE THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENTS. (BE READY TO DISCUSS AT THE MEETING)

#### **UNNECESSARY HARDSHIP -**

THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION IS NEEDED FOR THE REASONABLE USE OF THE HOME AND IN MAINTAINING A SAFE FRONT ENTRY/EXIT

#### UNIQUE PROPERTY LIMITATION -

THE EFFECT TO THE COMMUNTY, NEIBURGEHOOD, AND GENERAL PUBLIC INTEREST WOULD ONLY BE TO COMPCIMENT AREA ARCHITECTORE WITH COUERED FRONT PORCHES.

\*- CURRENT STRUCTURE WAS BULLT PRIOR TO CURRENT ORDINANCE LIMITATIONS AND IS NOT CURRENTLY IN COMPLIANCE-

#### PROTECTION OF THE PUBLIC INTEREST -

THE CURRENT NON CONFUENT HOME HAS NOT CRUSED. ANY HARM TO THE PUBLIC AND THE ADDITIONAL INCURSION INTO THE SETEMEK WOULD BE MINIMAL. WHILE ADDING TO THE PUBLIC INTEREST OF IMPROVING THE EXISTING STRUCTURE.

#### 12.31.010 A-1 agricultural preservation district.

(a) Primary Purpose and Characteristics.

The Kenosha County Board of Supervisors recognizes that the rapid conversion of farm land to urban use has led to increasing public concern over such conversion. This concern centers on the perceived loss of the local agriculture economic base, loss of agricultural land as a valuable natural resource with the attendant loss of the aesthetic and environmental values associated with that resource, and the loss of the rural lifestyle and the unique cultural heritage which emanates from that lifestyle, and the attendant high costs of providing urban services as well as resolving potential urban-rural conflicts which arise as a result of urban encroachment into rural areas. Therefore, the A-1 Agricultural Preservation District is intended to maintain, enhance, and preserve agricultural lands historically utilized for crop production and the raising of livestock. The preservation of such agricultural lands is intended to conserve energy, prevent urban sprawl, maintain open space, retain natural systems and natural processes, control public cost, preserve the local economic base, promote local self-sufficiency, preserve the rural life-style, and maintain regional, state and national agricultural reserves. The District is further intended to prevent the premature conversion of agricultural land to scattered residential, commercial and industrial uses.

It is recognized that it is neither possible nor practicable to list all of the principal and accessory uses that are compatible with those listed below and therefore, it is intended that the following list of principal and accessory uses only be illustrative. Any individual aggrieved by a failure to list a particular principal or accessory use in this subsection shall have the right to file a petition with the Kenosha County Department of Planning and Development pursuant to section 12.55 of this ordinance for a determination as to the similarity of the intended use with the principal and accessory uses listed below.

- (b) Principal uses. (8/6/02).
  - Apiculture (Beekeeping)
  - 2. Community living arrangements having a capacity of 8 or fewer persons and which shall be in conformance with all state statutory requirements
  - 3. Contract sorting, grading and packaging of fruits and vegetables
  - 4. Corn shelling
  - 5. Dairy farming and general agriculture
  - 6. Essential Services
  - 7. One single-family dwelling (9/5/06)
  - 8. General farm buildings including agricultural windmills, barns, silos, sheds and storage bins provided, however, that said structures are located at least 100 feet away from any off-premise neighboring residential buildings (6/2/92)

- 9. Existing residential dwellings remaining after the consolidation of farms with said dwellings not to be considered a nonconforming use; provided, that the remaining lot shall conform to the yard requirements of this district and the lot area and width requirements for a second single-family farm dwelling as set forth in section 12.40.080(b)(113) of this ordinance
- 10. Single-family residence on lots of record created prior to the adoption of this ordinance where said existing lot is less than 35 acres, (see section 12.39.050)
- 11. Floriculture (cultivation of ornamental flowering plants)
- 12. Forest and game management
- 13. Foster family homes having less than 4 foster children and not exceeding 8 total occupants and are in conformance with all state statutory requirements
- 14. Grazing or Pasturing
- 15. Greenhouses, not including retail sales of plants and flowers
- Hay baling
- 17. Livestock raising, except commercial feed lot and fur farms
- 18. Orchards
- 19. Paddocks
- 20. Pea viners
- 21. Plant nurseries
- 22. Poultry raising, except commercial egg production and commercial poultry feed lots
- 23. Raising of grain, grass, mint and seed crops
- 24. Raising of tree fruits, nuts and berries
- 25. Riding stables and indoor riding arenas (private)
- 26. Sod farming
- 27. Threshing services
- 28. Vegetable raising
- 29. Viticulture (grape growing)
- (c) Accessory Uses (8/6/02).

- 1. Feed lot (not commercial and only for permitted farm uses)
- 2. Accessory buildings, such as detached garages, sheds and gazebos, and boathouses (see also section 12.17)
- 3. Home occupations and professional home offices
- 4. Roadside stands (one such stand permitted only for selected farm products produced on the premises and not exceeding 300 square feet in floor area)
- 5. Small wind energy system
- 6. Solar energy system
- 7. Storage, curing, drying, churning and packaging of products and crops produced on the land provided, however, such products are not processed on the land and provided further that such products are not commercially sold as part of a retail business conducted on the land
- 8. Swimming pools and spas (see also section 12.20)
- 9. Fences (see also section 12.19.020)
- 10. Decks and Patios (see also section 12.18.3)
- (d) Conditional Uses. (See also section 12.40.080 of the Municipal Code of Kenosha County.) (8/6/02)
  - 1. Airstrips, landing fields and hangars for personal or agricultural related uses.
  - 2. Community living arrangements having nine but not more than 15 persons and in conformance with all State statutory requirements.
  - 3. Concrete and asphalt batch plants temporarily located on a parcel.
  - 4. Event barns.
  - 5. Gas and electric utility uses not requiring authorization under Wisconsin Statutes, section 196.491(3).
  - 6. Housing for farm laborers or caretakers.
  - 7. Housing for seasonal or migratory farm workers.
  - 8. Kennels (commercial or noncommercial).
  - 9. A second single-family farm related residential dwelling.
  - 10. Large wind energy systems.
  - 11. Solar farms.

- 12. Storage of recreational vehicles, boats or snowmobiles.
- 13. Utility substations.
- 14. Bed and breakfast establishments. (8/9/94)
- 15. Riding stables and indoor riding arenas (public).
- 16. Borrow pits (temporary); stockpiling or filling of clean fill materials.
- (e) Parcel Area and Width.
  - 1. Farm structures hereafter erected, placed, moved or structurally altered and related farm activities shall provide a contiguous area of not less than thirty-five (35) acres and no farm shall have a frontage of less than 600 feet in width.
- (f) Building Type, Separation, Number, Height and Area.
  - 1. No structure or improvement may be built on any land in the A-1, Agricultural Preservation District unless said structure or improvement is consistent with agricultural uses.
  - 2. For purposes of farm consolidation, farm residences or structures which existed prior to the adoption of this ordinance may be separated from a larger farm parcel.
  - 3. No farm buildings or parts of farm buildings shall exceed 100 feet in height
  - 4. No residential dwelling or part thereof, shall exceed 35 feet in height
  - 5. A total minimum floor area of a residential dwelling shall be a minimum of 1000 square feet with a minimum first floor area of 1000 square feet. All residential dwellings shall be attached to a permanent foundation, be properly connected to all required utilities, have a building footprint of which the dwelling unit is not less than 24-feet in width for at least fifty (50) percent of the length, have a roof pitch of not less than 5/12, and an eave extension of at least twelve (12) inches, except residences with an architectural style defined as Colonial or Greek Revival. (9/5/06)

#### (g) Yards.

- 1. Street yard not less than 65 feet from the right-of-way of all Federal, State and County Trunk highways and not less than 40 feet from the right-of-way of all other roads (8/6/02)
- 2. Shore yard not less than 75 feet from the ordinary high water mark of any navigable water (11/5/86)
- 3. Side yard not less than 25 feet in width on each side of all structures
- 4. Rear yard not less than 50 feet
- (h) Authorized Sanitary Sewer System.

- 1. On-site sewage disposal absorption system
- 2. Public sanitary sewer
- (i) Rezoning, Conditional Uses, and Enforcement. Any rezoning of any parcel of land in the A-1 Agricultural Preservation District shall be in accordance with Wisconsin Statute, section 91.48. Furthermore, the Department of Agriculture shall be notified of the approval of any conditional use permits in the A-1 District. Enforcement provisions necessary for the proper administration of the Farmland Preservation Act shall be as specified in Chapter 91 of the Wisconsin Statutes. [Ord. 6 (2022); Code § 12.20-1.]

The Municipal Code of Kenosha County is current through Ordinance 7 (2022), passed December 6, 2022.

Disclaimer: The clerk of the board's office has the official version of the Municipal Code of Kenosha County. Users should contact the clerk of the board's office for ordinances passed subsequent to the ordinance cited above.

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## 12.39.070 Existing nonconforming structures (8/6/02) (For Floodplain Nonconforming Structures see 12.39.100).

The use of a structure existing at the time of the adoption or amendment of this Ordinance may be continued although the structure's size or location does not conform with the established lot area and width, building setback line along streets and highways, or the yard, height, parking, loading, or access provisions of this Ordinance.

Nonconforming structures which encroach upon the yard requirements of this ordinance, but which met yard requirements of the applicable zoning ordinance at the time of construction, may be structurally enlarged or expanded if the existing structure is located at a minimum of at least fifty (50) percent of the minimum setback requirement of all yard setback requirements and further provided that the alteration does not create a greater degree of encroachment on yard, height, parking, loading, or access requirements. Placement of a new foundation or basement under an existing nonconforming structure shall be allowed as long as no further encroachment is permitted. Nonconforming structures which are located less than fifty (50) percent of the minimum setback requirement from one or more of their yard setback requirements may be structurally enlarged or expanded so long as all four sides of the enlargement or expansion are located at least 50% of the minimum setback requirement. This shall not constitute an allowance to make an existing conforming yard setback nonconforming, make an existing nonconforming yard setback more nonconforming or deviate from a height standard in this ordinance.

When a nonconforming structure is damaged by fire, explosion, violent wind, or other calamity or is intentionally dismantled, to the extent of more than fifty (50) percent of its assessed value as defined in section 12.39.020(a) of this Ordinance, it shall not be restored except so as to comply with all provisions of this Ordinance provided under ss.59. 69(10m).

A nonconforming structure shall not be moved or relocated to any other location on the lot unless such structure is made to conform to all regulations of the district in which it is located. [Code § 12.28-7.]

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